Table 5-2 Summary of Potential Salinity/Nutrient Management Strategies	
Category	Potential Salinity/Nutrient Management Strategy
Wastewater salinity/nutrient source control	 Water softener control (ordinance and/or rebates) Industrial discharge controls (local pretreatment limits) Recycled water nutrient treatment Recycled water demineralization treatment
Public Education	 Salinity source reduction best management practices Water softener use Irrigation best management practices Fertilizer use best management practices
Source load reduction	 Agency lease-holder requirements Fertilizer reduction requirements for recycled water users Source load diversion
Source water salinity control	 Source water demineralization (brackish groundwater or seawater desalination) Modify ratios of local or imported water sources
Salt export	 Ocean outfalls Brine line Salt flushing to the ocean via surface streams, rivers or lagoons Concentrate management including disposal Zero liquid discharge involving salt sequestration
Groundwater recharge	 Imported water recharge Recycled water recharge Stormwater recharge Percolation basins Injection wells Aquifer Storage Recovery (ASR) wells
Groundwater Management	 Conjunctive use Demineralization treatment Decrease detention time Seasonal storage Carryover storage Emergency storage
Seawater intrusion control	Physical barriersInjection wellsModified pumping strategies
Institutional	Groundwater management agency Joint Powers Authority
Land Use Regulation	Modify land use policy Require sewer connections
Landscape Conservation	 Landscape ordinance Water use restrictions Water conservation rate structures Public education/behavior change
Stormwater/Runoff Management	 Stormwater BMPs to reduce salinity/nutrient loading Stormwater diversion to beneficial use Low flow runoff diversion